105 - NATIONAL RESEARCH REPORT

Group for European Integration (GIE)



Foster European Active Citizenship and Sustainability
Through Ecological Thinking by NGO's

Erasmus+ Programme - Strategic Partnership AGREEMENT N°: 2018-1-DE02-KA204-005014



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1. Introduction

The Group for European Integration (GIE) has implemented the research in Piteşti city and the Argeş region. It has applied the research questionnaire to 24 persons of the target groups and it has got back 21 filled in questionnaires. The questionnaires have been applied face-to-face (11 persons) and by email (13 persons).

The research was achieved in the period 31st of March to 26th of April 2019.

The profile of the respondents is presented in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Respondents' profile

				Category		Duration (in years) since activates in the NGO				
	_			T -	·	and/or entrepreneurial field				
	Age (years)	Gender	1 - potential new NGO leaders	2 - existing NGO leaders and staff members	3 - social and green activists	less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	over 5 years	
1	21	F			х				Х	
2	20	F			х		Х			
3	20	F			Х		Х			
4	21	F	х				Х			
5	-	F	х			х				
6	-	М	х			х				
7	-	М	х				Х			
8	28	F	x			x				
9	-	F	X			X				
10	20	F	X			X				
11	21	F			Х	X				
12	58	F		x					Х	
13	44	F		X					Х	
14	40	F		Х					х	
15	60	F		х					х	
16	46	М		Х					Х	
17	-	F		х			Х			
18	55	F		х					х	
19	-	М	_	х	_	_	_	х		
20	-	М		Х				х		
21	-	F		х			Х			
		Total	7	10	4	6	6	2	7	

The data in the table above provided the following statistics:

- the age range of the respondents spans from 20 to 60 years, with an average of 34.9 years;
- the gender distribution among respondents was: 5 persons were men (23.8%) and 16 persons were women (76.2%);
- the split of the respondents in envisaged categories was: 33.3% potential new NGO leaders, 47.6% existing NGO leaders and staff members and 19.1% social and green activists;

 28.5% of the respondents have less than 1-year experience in the NGO and/or entrepreneurial field, 28.5% an experience from 1 to 3 years, 9.5% from 3 to 5 years and 33.5% over 5 years of such experience.

2. Main findings

When asked about what kind of information and dissemination materials they are interested to receive regarding your actual/potential NGO or business, though various informational and dissemination materials (Question 1), the answers displayed a quite large variety of such materials, as shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Information and materials of interest

Information and materials of interest	(N)	%	Information and materials of interest	(N)	%
Legislation for NGOs and regarding	13	61.9	Active or future projects	2	9.5
volunteering and how to implement this issue					
correctly					
Success factors (for NGOs and active	9	42.8	Incentives	1	4.7
citizenship)					
Examples of good practices	7	33.3	Profits	1	4.7
Useful links (i.e. for NGO field and	5	23.8	Newsletters	1	4.7
entrepreneurial environment, about ongoing					
projects in the online environment)					
Risks (for sustainability of NGOs)	5	23.8	Flyers	1	4.7
Statistics	5	23.8	Case studies	1	4.7
Resources and support materials for NGO	4	19	Events	1	4.7
activities and NGO ecological thinking					
Supporting agencies/authorities for	4	19	Funding opportunities	1	4.7
environmental and social NGOs					
Benefits	3	14.2	Partnerships	1	4.7
Obstacles	3	14.2	Contacts with other NGOs	1	4.7

As one can see from Table 2 above, *legislative aspects*, *success factors* and *useful links* are considered as being the most important for NGO leaders.

The question about <u>types of materials</u> the respondents <u>usually access</u> (have access to) for getting information and news within the NGO field and entrepreneurial environment (Question 2) revealed that the project target groups use all types of existing informational materials, with the most preferred being the flyers, brochures and articles on topics of interest, as shown by Table 3.

Table 3: Types of informational materials accessed

Table 6. Types of illiothat materials accessed									
Type of materials	(N)	%	Type of materials	(N)	%				
Flyers	11	52.3	Advertisements	5	23.8				
Brochures	10	47.6	Journals	4	19				
Articles	9	42.8	Newspapers (ordinary or specialised)	3	14.2				
Statistics	8	38	Curricula	3	14.2				
Magazines	8	38	Books	3	14.2				
Guidelines	8	38	Announcements	3	14.2				
Newsletters	7	33.3	Leaflets	2	9.5				
Reports	6	28.5	Handbooks	1	4.7				
Policy papers	5	23.8	Toolkits	1	4.7				
Posters	5	23.8	Handouts	1	4.7				



Reviews	5	23.8	Other: online documents, specialised	1	4.7
			websites (www.fonduristructurale.ro		
			www.stiri.ong , etc.), Internet, websites		
			of the financers		

When asked about what kind of <u>materials</u> they would like to receive <u>about the NGEnvironment</u> project and its outcomes (Question 3) the respondents listed various types of materials as shown in Table 4 below with (i) good practices guide and guidelines, (ii) books and (iii) brochures on top, but have been also very specific in indicating their interests, namely: project results; invitation to events; sources, resources and support materials; any material about NGO-specific legislation, grants, successful projects, good practices, etc. - preferably in electronic format; newsletters, statistics, project toolkit and curriculum, project objectives, partners, future projects; materials on acquiring entrepreneurial skills and encouraging employability, socioeducational and professional development; Applicant's Guide, Calls for Selection, dissemination of results.

Table 4: Materials about the NGEnvironment project

Materials	(N)	%	Materials	(N)	%
Good practices guide and guidelines	7	33.3	Flyers	2	9.5
Books	4	19	Handbooks	2	9.5
Brochures	3	14.2	Magazines	2	4.7
Reviews	3	14.2	Articles	1	4.7
Reports	3	14.2	Posters	1	4.7

The <u>dissemination and advertising channels</u> (Question 4) are presented in Table 5, with the most preferred being, per category, (i) social media for online environments, (ii) meetings and seminars for face-to-face channels and (iii) TV when it is about the press.

Table 5: Dissemination and advertising channels

Online	(N)	%	Face-to-face	(N)	%	Press	(N)	%
Social media	18	85.7	Meetings	16	76.1	TV	13	61.9
(Facebook, Twitter,								
WhatsApp,								
Instagram, etc.)								
Emails	17	80.9	Seminars	16	76.1	Written press	8	23.8
Websites	15	71.4	Workshops	12	57.1	Radio	4	19
Blogs	8	38.1	Round tables	10	47.6	Other: press	1	4.7
						conference, online		
						press		
Skype, Zoom,	5	23.8	Conferences	9	42.8			
WEBex, etc.								
			Info fairs	9	42.8			
			Thematic/specialised	8	23.8			
			exhibitions					
			Information centres	8	23.8			
			Civic events (peaceful	7	33.3			
			marches, demonstrations,					
			etc.)					



The most impactful <u>support-media</u> when it is about the NGEnvironment Engagement Toolkit (Question 5) are the *video* and *online* media, according to our respondents' opinion, as displayed in Table 6 below.

Table 6: Most impactful support-media about the NGEnvironment Engagement Toolkit

Materials	(N)	%	Materials	(N)	%
Video	14	66.6	Mobile phones	8	38.1
Online	12	57.1	PC and PC-Tablets	7	33.3
Audio	9	42.8	Print	6	28.5
Memory sticks	9	42.8	CD-ROM	3	14.2

In terms of technologies that would arouse the respondents' interest and motivate them better to learn about the NGEnvironment project and to make efficient use of its outcomes (Question 6), the web-based technologies and the mobile technologies have recorded the highest scores with 61.9% each (N = 13), followed by multimedia technologies (N = 6, 28.5%) and hypermedia technology (N = 5, 23.8%).

Regarding how they would like the provided information to be structured / approached within the materials that the NGEnvironment consortium will prepare for them and include in the project's Engagement Toolkit (Question 7), the majority of the respondents would appreciate a very structured (concise) information and with provided links for more details (N = 16, 76.2%), while only reduced percentages of NGOs leaders would prefer complete information, with all details at once (N = 4, 19%) or sequential information ('portions' of information delivered one after the other, provided at different stages in project's lifetime) (N = 1, 4.8%).

Regarding any necessary recommendations for the NGEnvironment consortium regarding the development of contents and materials to be included in the project's Engagement Toolkit (Question 8), we got only few but relevant answers:

- Give concrete results, procedures and methodologies, as well as applications;
- How can Ecological Thinking be used for involving actively the citizens in the sustainable development;
- I believe the project has enough informational materials that everyone understands;
- More information on the project.

3. Conclusions

From interpreting the findings of our research, we may conclude the following:

The Romanian project target groups are interested to get information and materials for the field of NGO or business upon specific issues like legislation for NGOs,



volunteering and how to implement volunteering correctly, success factors for NGOs and active citizenship and also examples of good practices.

The most accessed by them types of informational materials are: the flyers, brochures and articles. And again, good practices guide & guidelines are mentioned as first preference when it is about receiving materials about the NGEnvironment project and its outcomes, which makes a good coherence with what kind of materials our target groups generally use/access, providing in the same time, to NGEnvironment consortium a good indication on what kind of materials we should prepare for the project Engagement Toolkit.

Social media, emails, websites, meetings & seminars and TV channels are the dissemination and advertising channels that NGEnvironment should use, in order to fit the preferences of the Romanian target groups. We have to emphasize here that the social media got a very high score (85.7%), making it clear in front of the other categories.

Based on the obtained scores, video and online media proved to be a 'must' for the NGEnvironment Engagement Toolkit, so our consortium should take them into account, as well as web-based and multimedia technologies.

Clearly, the NGEnvironment Engagement Toolkit should provide information in a very structured (concise) approach and with given links for more details, as this approach was preferred by the majority of our respondents.

As recommended by one of the respondents, an important aspect to be considered by our consortium when designing the NGEnvironment Engagement Toolkit is that we should include also information on how can Ecological Thinking be used for involving actively the citizens in the sustainable development.

One above the other, we appreciate that the findings from our research reveal that the way in which the project partners have thought and sketched already the envisaged components of the NGEnvironment Engagement Toolkit fit very well the target groups needs and preferences, and there is a very good match between the toolkit features and the research findings.



















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